

Supporting Information

The Cu(OTf)₂- and Yb(OTf)₃-catalyzed Claisen Rearrangement of 2-Alkoxy carbonyl-substituted Allyl Vinyl Ethers

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General procedure for the Claisen Rearrangement. The allyl vinyl ether (4 mmol) was dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) under Argon. Activated 3 Å mol sieves (400 mg) and the catalyst (used as purchased) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred under argon for 24 h at the appropriate temperature. The mol sieves were then removed by filtration. The solvent was then evaporated at reduced pressure. The crude product was then dissolved in heptane/ethyl acetate (1/1) and filtered through a 4 × 0.5 cm silica gel column to remove the catalyst. The solvent was then removed to provide the crude product as a colorless oil. The composition of the product mixture was analyzed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy. Commercially available 3 Å mol sieves were activated by drying for several hours at 250 °C and at 5×10⁻² mbar. Prior to use, they were stored at 200 °C.

(3*R,4*S**)-3-Benzyl-2-oxo-4-vinyl-heptanoic acid isopropyl ester *syn*-2a.** Following the general procedure, the allyl vinyl ether **Z,Z-1a** (0.4 mmol, 121 mg) was stirred with Cu(OTf)₂ (0.02 mmol, 7.2 mg) or Yb(OTf)₃ (0.03 mmol, 18.6 mg) and crushed 3 Å molecular sieves (400 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (4 mL) to afford the crude product. The catalyst was removed by filtration of the crude product through a 4 × 0.5 cm silica gel column (heptane/ethyl acetate 1/1). The solvent was evaporated and the composition of the product (Cu(OTf)₂: 119 mg, 98 %, Yb(OTf)₃: 120 mg, 99 %) was analyzed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy (Cu(OTf)₂: *syn*-2a:*anti*-2a= 93:7; Yb(OTf)₃: *syn*-2a:*anti*-2a= 96:4). α-keto ester ***syn*-2a**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.87 (t, *J* = 7 Hz, 3 H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.11-1.56 (series of m, 4 H), 2.31-2.43 (m, 1 H), 2.86 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.8, *J*₂ = 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.95 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.8, *J*₂ = 9.7 Hz, 1 H), 3.76 (ddd, *J*₁ = 9.7, *J*₂ = 6.5, *J*₃ = 5.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-5.11 (m, 3 H), 5.66 (ddd, *J*₁ = 17.1, *J*₂ = 10.0, *J*₃ = 9.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.11-7.27 (m, 5 H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 13.8, 20.2, 21.4, 33.8, 34.7, 46.1, 52.8, 70.3, 117.3, 126.2, 128.4, 129.0, 138.7, 139.1, 161.0, 197.6. IR 1725 cm⁻¹. Anal. Calcd. for C₁₉H₂₆O₃: C, 75.46; H, 8.67. Found: C, 75.55; H, 8.79.

(3*R,4*S**)-3-Benzyl-5-benzyloxy-2-oxo-4-vinyl-pentanoic acid isopropyl ester *syn*-2b.** The allyl vinyl ether **Z,Z-1b** (0.4 mmol, 152 mg) was stirred with Yb(OTf)₃ (0.04 mmol, 24.8 mg) and crushed 3 Å molecular sieves (200 mg) in CH₂ClCH₂Cl (4 mL) at 60 °C (oil bath temperature) for 24 h using a pressured tube with a threaded plug. The mol sieves were then removed by filtration. The solvent was then evaporated at reduced pressure. The catalyst was removed by filtration of the crude product through a 4 × 0.5 cm silica gel column (heptane/ethyl acetate 1/1). The solvent was evaporated and the composition of the product (147 mg, 97%) was analyzed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectroscopy (*syn*:*anti*= 94:6). α-keto ester ***syn*-2b**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.13 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3 H), 2.71-2.84 (m, 1 H), 2.79 (dd, *J*₁ = 13.6, *J*₂ = 5.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.95 (dd, *J*₁ = 16.6, *J*₂ = 9.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.44 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.1, *J*₂ = 5.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.56 (dd, *J*₁ = 9.1, *J*₂ = 4.6 Hz,

1 H), 3.96 (ddd, $J_1 = 9.0$, $J_2 = J_3 = 5.8$ Hz, 1 H), 4.42 (s, 2 H), 4.91 (sept, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1 H), 5.09 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1 H), 5.17 (dd, $J_1 = 10.4$, $J_2 = 1.6$ Hz, 1 H), 5.97 (ddd, $J_1 = 17.2$, $J_2 = 10.2$, $J_3 = 8.9$ Hz, 1 H), 7.14-7.36 (m, 10 H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 21.2, 21.4, 34.8, 46.6, 49.3, 70.2, 71.5, 73.0, 118.0, 126.3, 127.5, 127.6, 128.3, 128.4, 129.1, 136.0, 137.8, 139.0, 160.6, 195.9. IR 1722 cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{28}\text{O}_4$: C, 75.76; H, 7.42. Found: C, 75.94; H, 7.52.

(3R*,4S*)-3-Isopropyl-2-oxo-4-vinyl-heptanoic acid isopropyl ester syn-2c. Following the general procedure, the allyl vinyl ether **Z,Z-1c** (0.4 mmol, 102 mg) was stirred with $\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$ (0.02 mmol, 7.2 mg) or $\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$ (0.03 mmol, 18.6 mg) and crushed 3 A molecular sieves (400 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) to afford the crude product. The catalyst was removed by filtration of the crude product through a 4×0.5 cm silica gel column (heptane/ethyl acetate 1/1). The solvent was evaporated and the composition of the product ($\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$: 101 mg, 99 %; $\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$: 101 mg, 99%) was analyzed by ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy ($\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$: *syn:anti* = 93:7; $\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$: *syn:anti* = 91:9). α -keto ester **syn-2c**. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.86 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3 H), 0.88 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 0.96 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 3 H), 1.08-1.26 (m, 2 H), 1.27-1.47 (m, 2 H), 1.33 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3 H), 1.34 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3 H), 1.97-2.11 (m, 1 H), 2.37-2.50 (m, 1 H), 3.31 (dd, $J_1 = 8.4$, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1 H), 4.97 (dd, $J_1 = 16.9$, $J_2 = 2.0$ Hz, 1 H), 5.03 (dd, $J_1 = 10.4$, $J_2 = 2$ Hz, 1 H), 5.10 (sept, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 5.62 (ddd, $J_1 = 16.9$, $J_2 = J_3 = 9.9$ Hz, 1 H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 13.8, 19.5, 20.3, 20.5, 21.4, 21.5, 28.5, 34.5, 44.2, 56.0, 70.3, 116.8, 138.4, 161.9, 199.4. IR 1725, 1745 cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_3$: C, 70.83; H, 10.30. Found: C, 70.96; H, 10.50.

(3R*)-3-Benzyl-4,4-dimethyl-2-oxo-hex-5-enoic acid isopropyl ester 2d. Following the general procedure, the allyl vinyl ether **Z,Z-1d** (0.4 mmol, 115 mg) was stirred with $\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$ (0.02 mmol, 7.2 mg) or $\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$ (0.005 mmol, 3.1 mg) and crushed 3 A molecular sieves (400 mg) in CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL) to afford the crude product. The catalyst was removed by filtration of the crude product through a 4×0.5 cm silica gel column (heptane/ethyl acetate 1/1). The solvent was evaporated and the composition of the product ($\text{Cu}(\text{OTf})_2$: 114 mg, 99 %; $\text{Yb}(\text{OTf})_3$: 114 mg, 99%) was analyzed by ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy. α -keto ester **2d**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.11 (s, 3 H), 1.15 (s, 3 H), 1.18 (d $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3 H), 1.19 (d, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 3 H), 2.81 (dd, $J_1 = 13.6$, $J_2 = 3.3$ Hz), 2.95 (dd, $J_1 = 13.5$, $J_2 = 11.9$ Hz, 1 H), 3.83 (dd, $J_1 = 11.9$, $J_2 = 3.3$ Hz, 1 H), 4.92 (sept, $J = 6.3$ Hz, 1 H), 5.02 (dd, $J_1 = 17.2$, $J_2 = 0.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.04 (dd, $J_1 = 10.7$, $J_2 = 0.5$ Hz, 1 H), 5.92 (dd, $J_1 = 17.0$, $J_2 = 10.7$ Hz, 1 H), 7.07-7.27 (m, 5 H). ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 21.2, 21.4, 24.0, 24.2, 33.6, 40.3, 56.1, 70.3, 112.9, 126.1, 128.4, 129.0, 139.4, 145.3, 161.3, 198.1. IR 1745, 1723 cm^{-1} . Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_3$: C, 74.97; H, 8.39. Found: C, 74.66; H, 8.88.

NMR spectra (300 MHz or 75 MHz, CDCl₃) of starting materials and crude products for different reaction conditions





















